

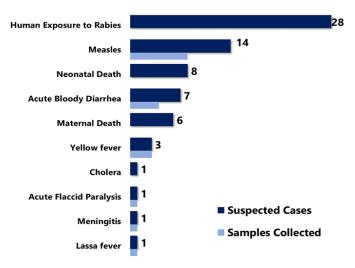
2019 Epi-week 30 (July 22 – 28, 2019)



Country Population: 4,433,398 Volume 12 Issue 30 July 22 – 28, 2019 Data Source: CSOs from 15 Counties and Lab

Highlights

Figure 1: Public Health Events reported during this week



Keynotes and Events of Public Health Significance

- ◆ A total of 70 events of public health importance including 14 deaths were reported
- ♦ Completeness and timeliness of health facility reports were both 98%
- ♦ Measles outbreaks ongoing in Rivercess and Grand Gedeh Counties

Reporting Coverage

Table 1. Health Facility Weekly IDSR Reporting Coverage, Liberia, Epi week 30, 2019

| County | Number of Expected Report | Number of Reports Received | Number Received on Time | Completeness (%) | Timeliness (%) |
|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Bomi | 26 | 26 | 26 | 100 | 100 |
| Bong | 57 | 57 | 57 | 100 | 100 |
| Gbarpolu | 16 | 16 | 16 | 100 | 100 |
| Grand Bassa | 34 | 34 | 34 | 100 | 100 |
| Grand Cape Mount | 34 | 34 | 34 | 100 | 100 |
| Grand Gedeh | 24 | 24 | 24 | 100 | 100 |
| Grand Kru | 19 | 19 | 19 | 100 | 100 |
| Lofa | 59 | 59 | 59 | 100 | 100 |
| Margibi | 59 | 59 | 59 | 100 | 100 |
| Maryland | 26 | 26 | 26 | 100 | 100 |
| Montserrado | 347 | 332 | 332 | 95 | 95 |
| Nimba | 84 | 83 | 83 | 99 | 99 |
| Rivercess | 20 | 20 | 20 | 100 | 100 |
| River Gee | 20 | 20 | 20 | 100 | 100 |
| Sinoe | 37 | 37 | 37 | 100 | 100 |
| Liberia | 862 | 846 | 846 | 98 | 98 |

Legend: ≥80 <80

- ♦ The national target for weekly IDSR reporting is 80%
- Health facility timeliness is monitored at County level
- Montserrado and Grand Cape Mount counties submitted their weekly IDSR report late to the national level

846(98%)
Health
facilities
reported IDSR
data

93(100%)

Health districts reported IDSR data

846 (98%)
Health facilities
out of 862
reported timely
IDSR data



2019 Epi-week 30 (July 22 – 28, 2019)



Vaccine Preventable Diseases

Measles

- Fourteen (14) suspected cases were reported from Montserrado (3), Grand Bassa (2), Grand Kru (2), Rivercess (2) River Gee (2), Grand Gedeh (1), Sinoe (1), and Margibi (1) Counties
 - o Eight specimens were collected and pending laboratory confirmation
- Vaccination status among suspected cases:
 - o vaccinated 10 (71.4%), not vaccinated 1 (7.1%) and unknown 3 (21.4%)
- Age distribution among suspected cases:
 - \circ <1 year: 1 (7.1%), 1 − 4 years: 5 (35.7%), ≥5 years: 8 (57.1%)
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 1207 suspected cases have been recorded; Of these, 442 have been tested by the laboratory and results showed 123 positive, 310 negative and 9 indeterminate
- ◆ Epi-classification is as follows: 873 (73.2%) confirmed (123 lab confirmed, 668 clinically confirmed, 82 epi-linked), 310 (25.9%) negative, 9 (0.8%) indeterminate, and 1 (0.1%) pending (See Table 2, Figure 2)
 - Cumulative vaccination status among lab confirmed: 37 (30.1%) vaccinated, 41 (33.3%) not vaccinated, 45 (36.6%) unknown
 - o Age distribution among lab confirmed: <1 year: 11 (8.9%), 1 − 4 years: 15 (12.2%), ≥5 years: 97 (78.9%)
 - Of the 310 specimens tested negative for measles, 229 specimens were tested for rubella, as follows: 102 positive, 118 negative, and 9 indeterminate

Public Health Action

♦ Case Management, active case search, health education, and community engagement are ongoing in affected districts and communities

Table 2. Annualized Non-Measles Febrile Rash Illness Rate by Counties, Liberia, Epi-week 1 - 30, 2019

| | | Epi-classification | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|-------|---------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Reporting County | Lab confirmed | Epi- linked | Clinically confirmed | Indeterminate (Equivocal) | Discarded (Negative) | Pending | Total | Non-Measles Febrile Rash Illness Rate | | | | | | | |
| Bomi | 1 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 25 | 18.7 | | | | | | | |
| Bong | 13 | 0 | 32 | 1 | 16 | 0 | 62 | 6.6 | | | | | | | |
| Gbarpolu | 5 | 21 | 54 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 86 | 10.3 | | | | | | | |
| Grand Bassa | 2 | 2 | 46 | 2 | 18 | 0 | 70 | 11.6 | | | | | | | |
| Grand Cape Mount | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 19 | 12.3 | | | | | | | |
| Grand Gedeh | 21 | 14 | 18 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 67 | 15.9 | | | | | | | |
| Grand Kru | 15 | 20 | 35 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 81 | 27.1 | | | | | | | |
| Lofa | 7 | 0 | 85 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 110 | 9.3 | | | | | | | |
| Margibi | 10 | 0 | 35 | 2 | 31 | 0 | 78 | 21.1 | | | | | | | |
| Maryland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1.0 | | | | | | | |
| Montserrado | 12 | 4 | 84 | 1 | 74 | 0 | 175 | 9.1 | | | | | | | |
| Nimba | 7 | 10 | 40 | 1 | 28 | 0 | 86 | 8.6 | | | | | | | |
| River Gee | 16 | 0 | 61 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 104 | 57.7 | | | | | | | |
| Rivercess | 7 | 11 | 49 | 1 | 36 | 0 | 104 | 71.8 | | | | | | | |
| Sinoe | 6 | 0 | 110 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 125 | 11.1 | | | | | | | |
| Liberia | 123 | 82 | 668 | 9 | 310 | 1 | 1193 | 12.5 | | | | | | | |

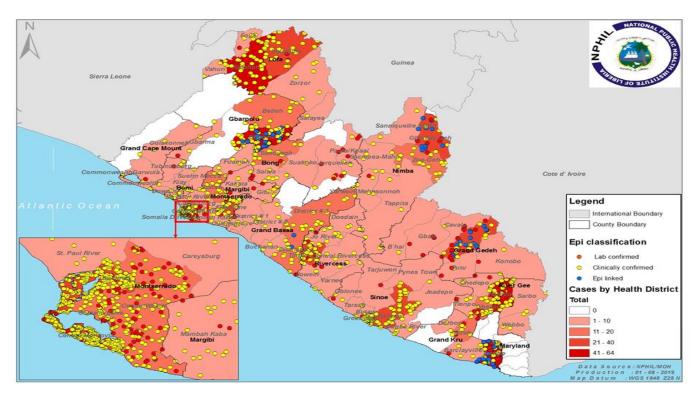
Target Achieved >=2 Below Target



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Figure 3. Cumulative Confirmed Measles Cases Reported by Health District, Liberia, Epi-week 1 - 30, 2019



Acute Flaccid Paralysis (Suspected Polio)

- ♦ One case was reported from Lofa County
- Cumulatively, since Epi week one, 36 cases have been recorded:
 - o Proportion of cases reported with sample collected and tested is 100%
 - o Laboratory confirmed (+) zero

Neonatal Tetanus

- ♦ Zero case was reported
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 21 clinically diagnosed cases have been recorded:
 - Attributable death 29% (n=6)

Viral Hemorrhagic Diseases

Ebola Virus Disease (EVD)

- ♦ Zero alert was reported
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 13 EVD alerts have been recorded and all tested negative

Lassa fever

- ◆ One suspected case was reported from Bong County
 - Specimen was collected and pending laboratory confirmation
- Cumulatively, since Epi week one, 79 suspected cases have been recorded:
 - o Proportion of suspected cases reported with sample collected is 94% (n=75)
 - Laboratory confirmed 28.2% (n=22)
 - Case fatality in confirmed cases is 36% (n=8)
 - o Epi-classification is as follows: 22 positive, 39 negative, 14 pending laboratory confirmation and 4 suspected



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Yellow fever

- Three (3) suspected cases were reported from River Gee (2) and Lofa (1) Counties
- Specimens were collected and pending laboratory confirmation
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 70 suspected cases have been recorded:
 - Zero laboratory confirmed
 - o Proportion of suspected cases reported with sample tested is 87% (n=61)
 - o Zero attributable death

Monkeypox

- ♦ Zero suspected case was reported
- Cumulatively, since Epi week one, 50 suspected cases have been reported and 12 specimens have been shipped to Atlanta for confirmation

Meningitis

- ♦ One suspected case was reported from Lofa County
- ♦ Specimen was not collected
- ◆ Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 38 suspected cases have been recorded, 31 tested negative, 2 pending testing and 5 specimens were not collected from Gbarpolu (2), Lofa (2) and Maryland (1) Counties

Events of Public Health Importance

Maternal Mortality

- ◆ Six (6) deaths were reported from Bong (2) and one each from Grand Bassa, Montserrado, Margibi and Nimba Counties
- ◆ Causes of death: Postpartum Hemorrhage (2), Eclampsia (2), Sepsis (1) and Anemia (1)
- Reporting sites: health facilities 5 (83%) and community 1 (17%)
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 172 maternal deaths have been recorded and the major attributable causes are: postpartum hemorrhage 83 (48.2%), eclampsia 24 (14%), and anemia 14 (8.1%) (See Table 3)

Table 3. Annualized and Cumulative Maternal Death Reported by County, Liberia, Epi-week 1 - 30, 2019

| | Estimated Annual | Current | | % of Cumulative | Annualized Maternal |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| County | Live birth (4.3%) | week | Cumulative | Maternal deaths | Mortality Ratio/100,000 |
| Maryland | 7347 | 0 | 11 | 6 | 278 |
| Grand Gedeh | 6770 | 0 | 10 | 6 | 274 |
| Bong | 18775 | 2 | 25 | 15 | 247 |
| Margibi | 11345 | 1 | 13 | 8 | 213 |
| Rivercess | 3865 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 192 |
| Nimba | 24970 | 1 | 25 | 15 | 186 |
| Gbarpolu | 4507 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 165 |
| Montserrado | 62479 | 1 | 52 | 30 | 155 |
| Grand Cape Mount | 6868 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 135 |
| Sinoe | 5534 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 134 |
| Grand Bassa | 11981 | 1 | 8 | 5 | 124 |
| Grand Kru | 3130 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 119 |
| River Gee | 3610 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 103 |
| Bomi | 4546 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 82 |
| Lofa | 14911 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 62 |
| Liberia (National) | 190636 | 6 | 172 | 100 | 168 |



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Neonatal Mortality

- Eight (8) deaths were reported from Montserrado (4), Margibi (2), Bong (1) and Lofa (1) Counties
- Causes of deaths: Sepsis (4), Asphyxia (3) and Preterm (1)
- ◆ Reporting sites: health facilities (100%)
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 435 neonatal deaths have been reported (*See Table 4*) and the major attributable causes are: asphyxia 199 (46.0%), sepsis 148 (34.2%) and preterm 34 (7.8%)

Table 4. Annualized and Cumulative Neonatal Death Reported by County, Liberia, Epi-week 1 – 30 2019

| County | Estimated Annual Live birth (4.3%) | Current Week | Cumulative | % of Cumulative Neonatal deaths | Annualized Neonatal Mortality Rate/1000 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Grand Kru | 3130 | 0 | 25 | 6 | 13.8 |
| Grand Gedeh | 6770 | 0 | 28 | 6 | 7.2 |
| Montserrado | 62479 | 4 | 189 | 43 | 5.2 |
| Maryland | 7347 | 0 | 21 | 5 | 5.0 |
| Margibi | 11345 | 2 | 32 | 7 | 4.9 |
| Bong | 18775 | 1 | 49 | 11 | 4.5 |
| Rivercess | 3865 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 4.5 |
| Gbarpolu | 4507 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 3.8 |
| River Gee | 3610 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 3.4 |
| Sinoe | 5534 | 0 | 9 | 2 | 2.8 |
| Bomi | 4546 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2.3 |
| Lofa | 14911 | 1 | 19 | 4 | 2.2 |
| Nimba | 24970 | 0 | 25 | 6 | 1.7 |
| Grand Cape Mount | 6868 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0.5 |
| Grand Bassa | 11981 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0.4 |
| Liberia (National) | 190636 | 8 | 435 | 100 | 4.0 |

Other Reportable Diseases

<u>Animal Bites (Human Exposure to Rabies)</u>

- ◆ Twenty-eight (28) cases were reported from Montserrado (11), Maryland (4), Nimba (3), Bong (2), Grand Bassa (2), Margibi (2), one each from Bomi, Rivercess, River Gee, and Sinoe Counties
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one,1065 cases of animal bites have been recorded including five attributable deaths

Acute Bloody Diarrhea (Suspected Shigellosis)

- Seven (7) cases were reported from Sinoe (3), one each from Grand Gedeh, Grand Bassa, Rivercess and River Gee Counties
 - o Four specimens were collected and pending laboratory confirmation
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 175 acute bloody diarrhea cases have been recorded with 122 stool specimens collected and 84 tested. Result: 12 positive and 72 negative

Severe Watery Diarrhea (Cholera)

- One suspected case was reported from Gbarpolu County
 - o No specimen was collected
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 83 suspected cases have been recorded with 64 specimens collected out of which;
 50 negative and 0 positive



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Unexplained Cluster of Health Events

- ♦ Zero case reported
- Cumulatively, since Epi-week one, 11 cases of unexplained death has been reported

Points of Entry

- Zero IDSR alert detected and verified
- ◆ A total of 5199 travelers were recorded for the week (See Table 5)

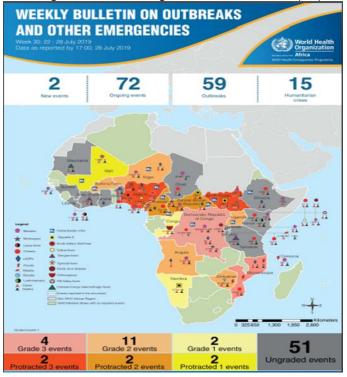
Table 5. Total Travelers, IDSR Alerts Detected and Verified at Points of Entry, Liberia, Epi-week 30, 2019

| | | | | | Yellow | Yellow Book | | | |
|------------|--------------------------|--------|---------|-----------|--------|-------------|------------|--------|----------|
| Type of | | Weekly | | | Book | Damage/Card | Travelers | IDSR | Alerts |
| Ports | Point of Entry | total | Arrival | Departure | Issued | Replaced | Vaccinated | Alerts | Verified |
| Airport | James S. Paynes | 143 | 82 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Robert | | | | | | | | |
| | International Airport | 3750 | 1850 | 1900 | 39 | 39 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Seaport | Freeport of Monrovia | 170 | 85 | 85 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Buchanan Port | 84 | 42 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ground | Bo Water Side | 426 | 132 | 294 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Crossing | Ganta | 473 | 263 | 210 | 10 | 10 | - | - | - |
| | Yekepa | 80 | 37 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Loguatuo | 73 | 45 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Trav | eler for the Week | 5199 | 2536 | 2663 | 61 | 49 | 10 | 0 | 0 |

Note: Yellow book issue for both arrival and departure; Vaccination coverage for both arrival and departure

AFRO Public Health Events

The National Public Health Institute of Liberia continues to monitor acute public health emergencies and outbreaks occurring in the African Region in order to ensure preparedness and preventive measures are implemented



During this week, 72 events are being monitored through WHO Health Emergencies Program in the African Region. Key events highlighted during the week include the following:

- Humanitarian Crisis in South Sudan
- Ebola virus disease in Democratic Republic of the Congo
- Dengue fever in Cote D'Ivoire
- Cholera in Chad



2019 Epi-week 30 (July 22 – 28, 2019)



Public Health Measures

National level

- Providing technical remote support to Counties
 - Heighten surveillance in affected and surrounding communities

URGENCY! URGENCY! URGENCY!

- o There is no ribavrin to treat Lassa fever patients in Liberia as of June 30, 2019
- o There is no human rabies vaccine in country to provide post exposure prophylaxis

ACTION! ACTION! ACTION!

- NPHIL requested WHO since April, 2019 for ribivarin;
- NPHIL is sourcing money from Finance Ministry to procure rabies vaccine

County level

- ♦ Case management for all reported cases ongoing
- Active case searches ongoing in affected communities for Measles and Lassa fever

Outbreaks

Measles: Gbao District, Grand Gedeh County

- ◆ A total of 30 cases have been reported
- Twenty-six epi-linked cases reported in this week
- ♦ Three confirmed cases with ages 1, 9, 19 years
- Epi-linked cases age range from 1 month to 44 years
- Confirmed case fatality rate is zero
- Vaccination status in confirmed cases
 - Not vaccinated: 3 (100%)
- Vaccination status in epi-linked cases
 - o Vaccinated: 10 (37%)
 - o Not vaccinated: 9 (33.3%)
 - o Unknown: 8 (29.6%)

Measles: Timbo District, Rivercess County

- ♦ No new cases for this week
- Thirteen confirmed cases with age range from 3 to 25 years
- ♦ Confirmed case fatality rate is zero
- Vaccination status in confirmed cases
 - o Vaccinated: 100%

Public Health Actions

- Cases managed in OPD
- Grand Gedeh
 - Mini campaign is ongoing in affected and surrounding communities targeted 942 children below 15 vears
 - Health education and active case search ongoing in the affected communities
- Rivercess: CHT is requesting partner support to conduct supplementary immunization activities



2019 Epi-week 30 (July 22 – 28, 2019)



Notes

- Completeness refers to the proportion of expected weekly IDSR reports received (target: ≥80%)
- Timeliness refers to the proportion of expected weekly IDSR reports received by the next level on time (target: ≥80%). Time requirement for weekly IDSR reports:
 - o Health facility required on or before 5:00pm every Saturday to the district level
 - o Health district required on or before 5:00pm every Sunday to the county level
 - o County required on or before 5:00pm every Monday to the national level
- Non-polio AFP rate is the proportion of non-polio AFP cases per 100,000 among the estimated population under 15 years of age in 2017 (annual target: ≥2/100,000)
- Non-measles febrile rash illness rate refers to the proportion of Negative measles cases per 100,000 population
- Annualized maternal mortality rate refers to the maternal mortality rate of a given period less than one year and it is the number of maternal deaths per 100,000 live births
- Annualized neonatal mortality rate refers to the neonatal mortality ratio of a given period less than one year and it is the number of neonatal deaths per 1,000 live births
- Epi-linked refers to any suspected case that has not had a specimen taken for serologic confirmation but is linked to a laboratory confirmed case
- Confirmed case refers to a case whose specimen has tested positive or reactive upon laboratory testing, or has been
 classified as confirmed by either epidemiologic linkage with a confirmed case, or clinical compatibility with the
 disease or condition
- Case Fatality Rate (CFR) is the proportion of deaths among confirmed cases





2019 Epi-week 30 (July 22 – 28, 2019)

Appendix 1: Summary of immediately reportable diseases, conditions, and events by County during Epi week 30 and cumulative report, Liberia, 2019

| | No. of Expected Health District | No. of Health District | | (Suspected Polio) | | (Shigellosis) | | Diarrhoea (Cholera) | Human Exposure to Animal | | Lassa fever | | Measles | | Meninaitis | | Maternal Mortality | Neonatal Mortality | | Neonatal Tetanus | | EDOIA VIRUS DISEASE | Yellow fever | | Monkeypox | | Dengue fever | Buruli Ulcer | MDR Tuberculosis | | Yaws | | deaths | Unexplained Cluster of Health Events/Disease | Other Diseases/Events | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|----------|-------------------|-----|---------------|----|---------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------|----|---------|----------|------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------|----------|-----------|-------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Counties | | | <u>A</u> | ~~~~ | Α | <u>D</u> | A | D | ~~~~~~ | D | | D | A | <u>D</u> | A | D | <u>D</u> | <u>D</u> | <u>A</u> | D | _ <u>A</u> | <u>D</u> | ~~~~~ | <u>D</u> | A D | ~~~~ | D | A D | *************************************** |) A | ~~~~~ | ********** | ~~~~ | A D | AC | |
| Bomi | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | ' I ~ | 0 | 0 0 | | 0 | | _ | 0 | | 0 0 | |
| Bong | 9 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | | 0 0 | ´ |
| Gbarpolu | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 1 | 0 0 | 0 0 | |
| Grand Bassa | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Grand Cape Mount | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Grand Gedeh | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Grand Kru | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Lofa | 6 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Margibi | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Maryland | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Montserrado | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Nimba | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Rivercess | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| River Gee | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Sinoe | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | j |
| Total Weekly | 93 | 93 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 [| 0 0 | 0 0 |) |
| Cumulative Reported | | | 36 | 0 | 175 | 0 | 83 | 0 | 1065 | 0 | | 11 | 1207 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 172 | 435 | 19 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 70 | 0 ! | 50 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 1 | 1 0 | 0 (|) |
| Cumulative Lab-confirmed | | | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 8 | 123 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 (|) |

D = Dead

A = Alive

National Public Health Institute of Liberia (NPHIL)

MISSION

To prevent and control public health threats by promoting healthy outcomes and serving as a source of knowledge

VISION

A center of excellence to create health outcomes for Liberians through a strong preventive health system

Epidemiological bulletin published with support of WHO and CDC

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